ECE 342 FINAL PROJECT



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1 Schematic

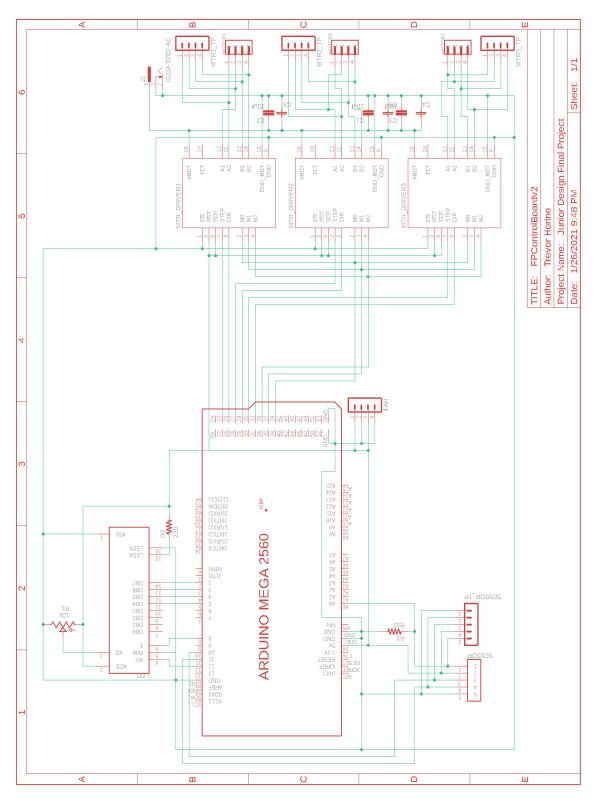


Figure 1: Detailed schematic control board, used for design layout of the PCB, which is designed as a breakout for an Arduino MEGA 2560 R3.

2 Block Diagram

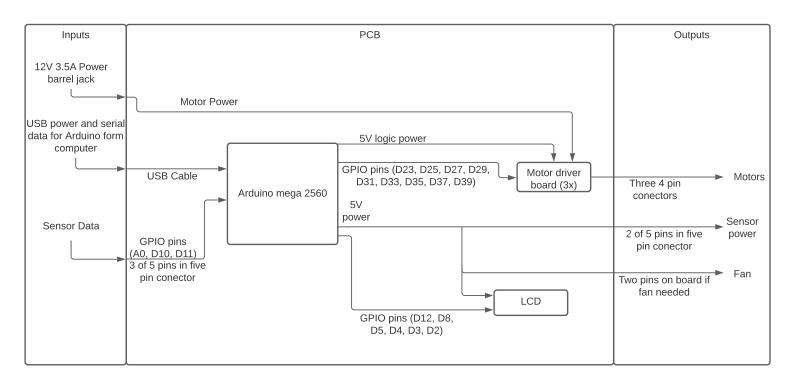


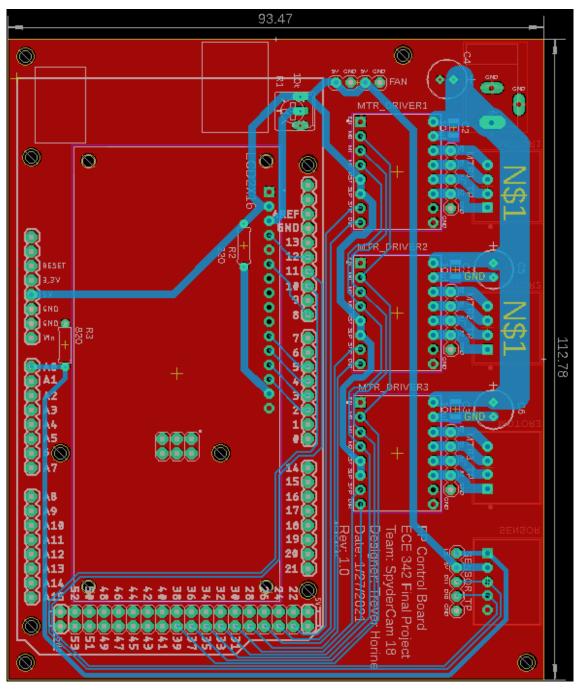
Figure 2: Block Diagram of the PCB with inputs in the inputs box on the left, outputs in the output box on the right and the blocks that make up the PCB in the middle section labeled PCB.

3 Interfaces

Interface table										
Interface Properties										
Inputs										
Supplies 5V power to Arduino.										
	Also used a serial comunication between computer and									
USB	Arduino									
	12V, 3.5 A power supplied to board									
12V Power	via a barrel jack for the motor drivers.									
	Three of the five pins in the 5 pin sensor									
	conector. The light sensor goes to GPIO									
Sensor Inputs	pin A0, and RFID goes to GPIO pins D10 and D11.									
Outputs										
	Three 4 pin conectors that conect the motors									
	to the PCB. Each of these conectors is									
Motors	attached to a different motor controler									
	These are a few pins on the board that are									
	connected to 5V and GND so a fan could									
Fan Power	be added to help with cooling if needed.									
	The remaing two pins in the 5 pin sensor									
	conector to carry 5V and ground to the									
Sensor Power	sensors on the payload.									
	16 pin 2x16LCD attaced to GPIO pins D12, D8, D5,									
	D4, D3, D2, 5V and GND. This will be used for									
LCD	debugging. (displaying corrdinates, or sensor values.)									

Figure 3: list of input and outputs, as well as some of their properties or what they will be used for.

4 PCB Layout



4.1 Eagle Layout and Board Dimensions

Figure 4: Layout of the PCB board built form the schematic in Figure 1, red is the bottom layer and a ground plain, blue is the top layer with traces for signals.

4.2 Board Profile

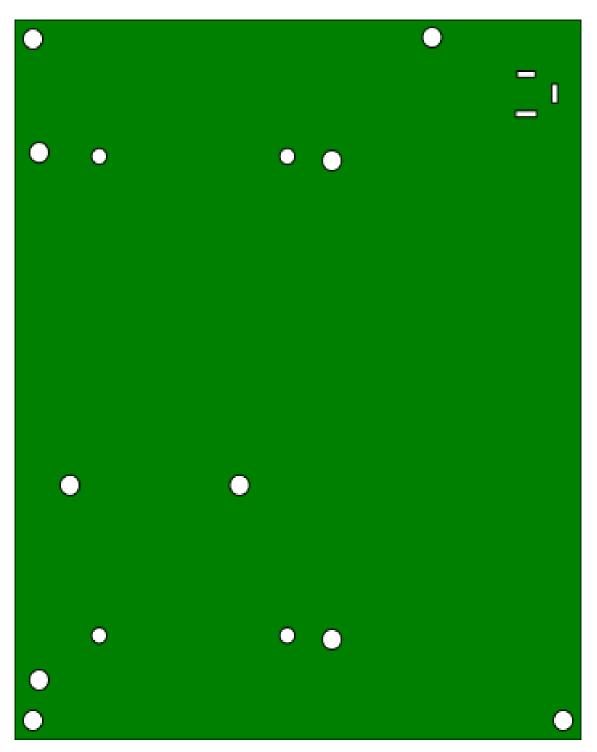


Figure 5: This is a rendering of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

MTR_DRIVER1 AREF <u>GND</u> 13 MTR_DRIVER2 11 3.3 V 10 577 6ND MTR_ORIVERS A 2 λЭ A.8 16 A.9 17 A.1.0 18 A11 19 2.8 A1.2 21A13 A1.4 a. нķ. 415 5

Figure 6: This is a rendering of the top silkscreen layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

4.3 Top Silkscreen

4.4 Top Copper

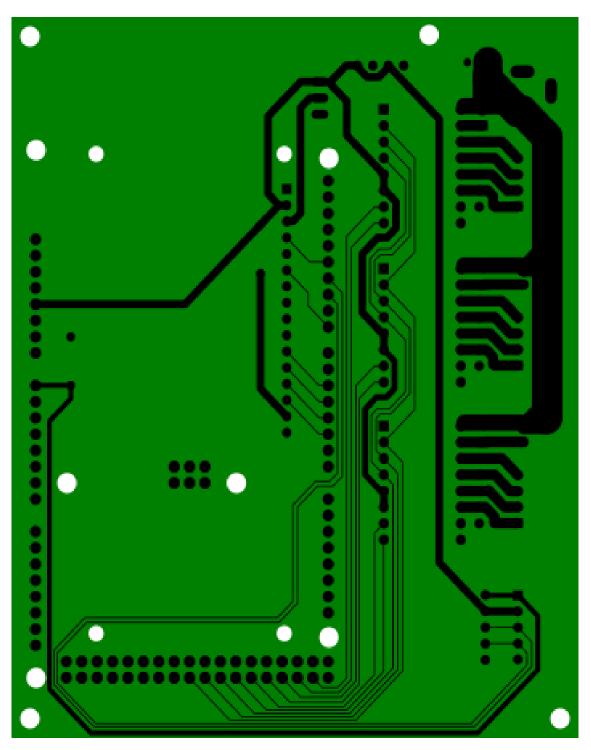
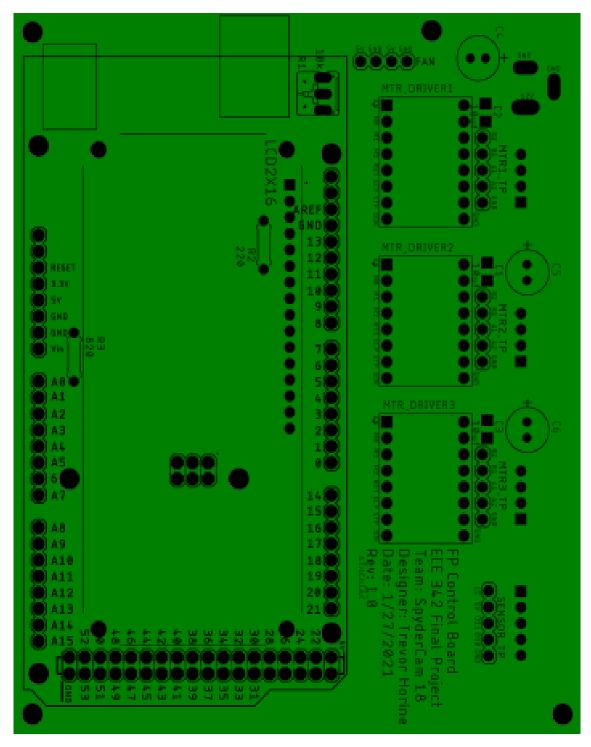


Figure 7: This is a rendering of the top copper layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

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Figure 8: This is a rendering of the top soldermask layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

4.5 Top Soldermask



4.6 Top Soldermask And Silkscreen

Figure 9: This is a rendering of the top soldermask layer and the top silkscreen layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

4.7 Bottom Silkscreen

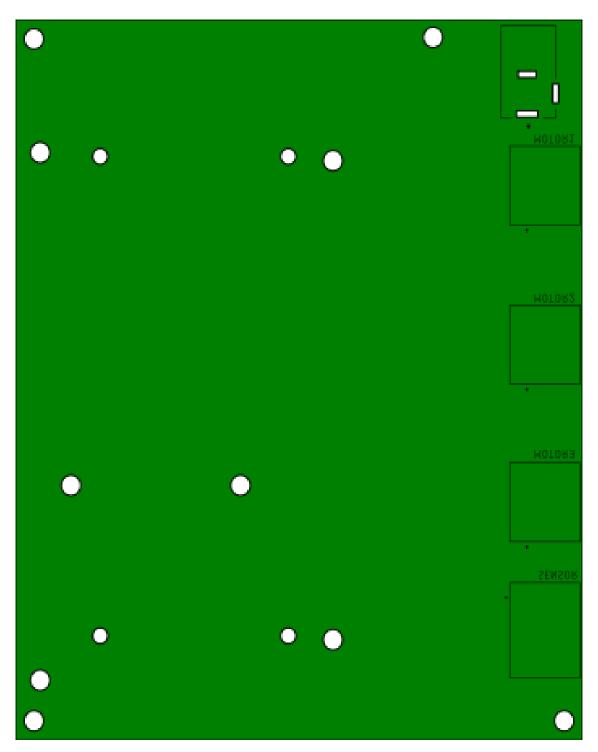


Figure 10: This is a rendering of the bottom silkscreen layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

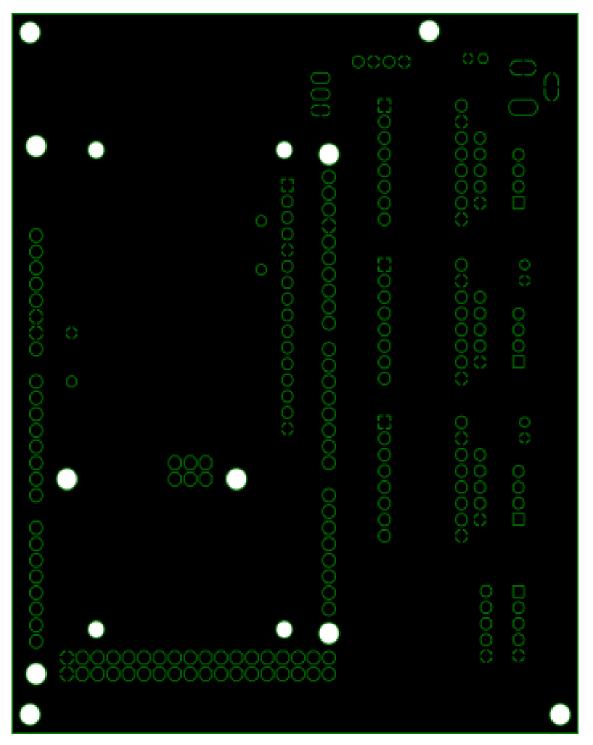
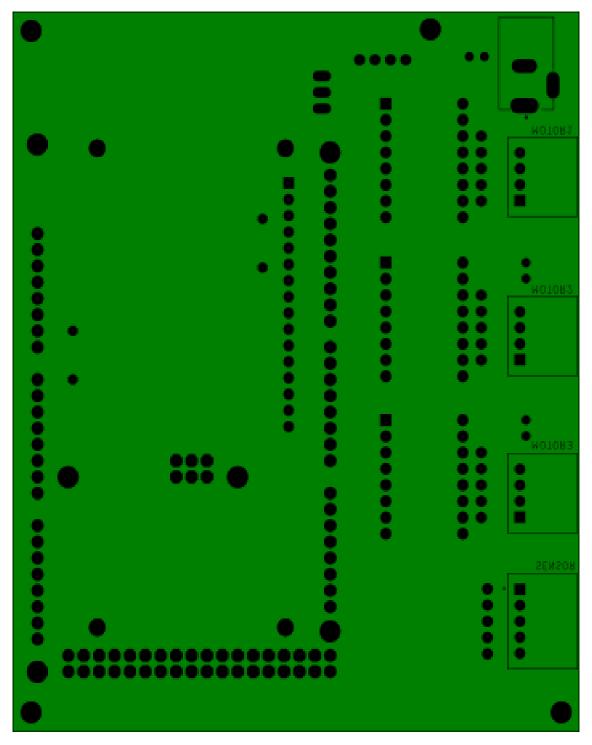


Figure 11: This is a rendering of the bottom copper layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

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Figure 12: This is a rendering of the bottom soldermask layer on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

4.9 Bottom Soldermask



4.10 Bottom Soldermask and Silkscreen

Figure 13: This is a rendering of the bottom soldermask and silkscreen layers on top of the board profile. This image was generated from the gerber files.

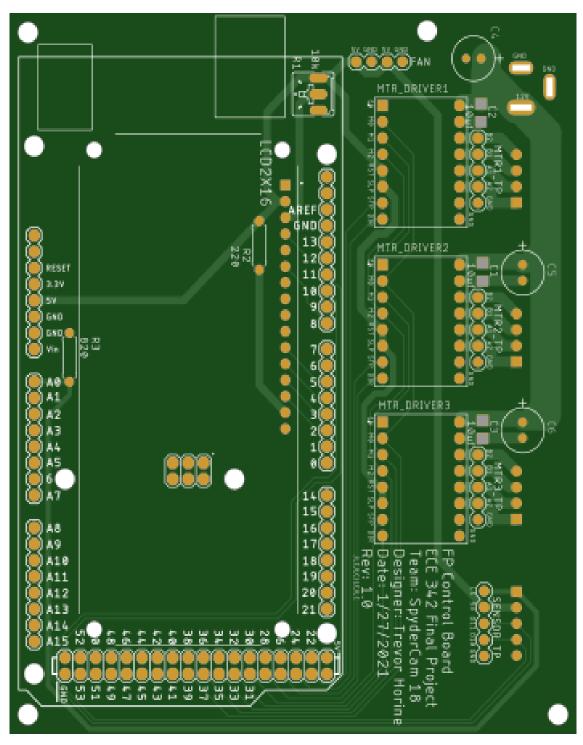


Figure 14: This is a rendering of the top layer gerber files placed on top of each other. The white is the text and lines are the silkscreen, the gold is the soldermask, light green is the copper traces, and gray is the solderpaste. All of this is on top of the profile of the board or the darker green area, the black holes are holes in the board.

4.11 Top Gerbers

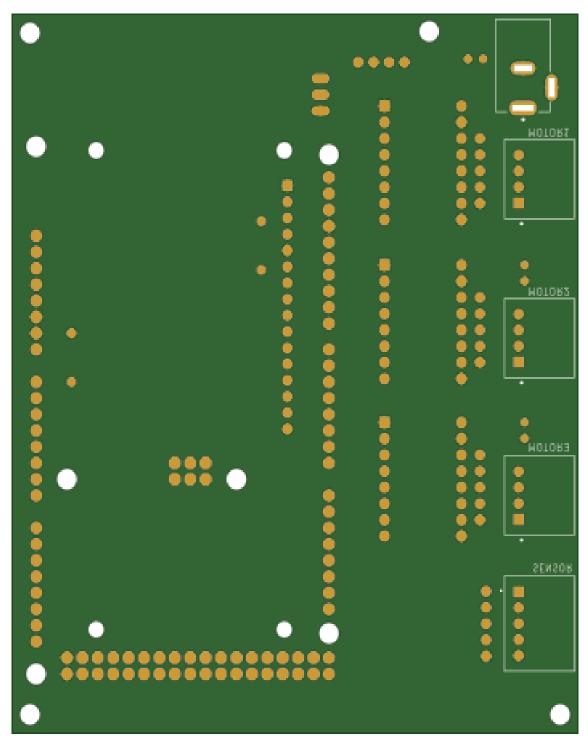


Figure 15: This is a rendering of the bottom layer gerber files placed on top of each other. This layer has no white silkscreen, the gold is the soldermask, light green is the copper traces, and there is no gray solderpaste on this layer. All of this is placed on the profile of the board or the darker green area, the black holes are holes in the board. It may be hard to tell but the is only a little dark green around the soldermask and the edges of the board and holes because the bottom of this board is a copper ground plane.

4.13 3D Model

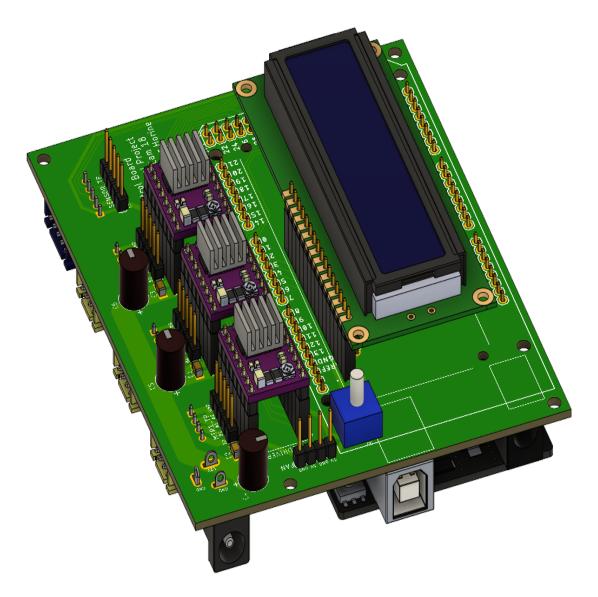


Figure 16: This is a rendering of the 3D model produced form the board designed with components added to give an idea of what the board will look like assembled. It will also be used to design the enclosure.

4.14 Assembled Board



Figure 17: This is the board with some of the components added to it.

5 Block Bill of Materials

Part	Value and units	Board Name	Quaintity	Price per unit	Price	Datasheet	URL	Notes
PCBs	Ī							Boards have to be ordered in incriments of 5.
Stepper drivers		MTR_DRIVER1, MTR_DRIVER2, MTR_DRIVER3	3	1.998	5.994	https://reprapwor	https://www.ama	Datasheet was found for a board that appears to be same as there was not a datasheet on the amazon page. <u>DRV8825 Chip data sheet</u>
Pin Headers			150	0	0			Will use pin headers from previous classes 64 female, 86 male
Barrel Jack		J1	1	0.53	0.53	http://www.kycon	https://www.digil	Used to conect wall wart to board
LCD		LCD	1	3.25	3.25		https://www.ama	Used for debug and display
S5B-XH(LF)(SN)	Conector	Sensor	1	0.31	0.31	http://www.jst-mf	https://www.digil	Conector to attach light sensor and RFID 5 pin right angle conector
S4B-XH-A(LF)(SN)	Conector	MOTOR1, MOTOR2, MOTOR3	3	0.27	0.81	https://www.jst-m	https://www.digil	Conectors to attach motors to board each one is a 4 pin right angle conector
Arduino Mega 2560	Arduino		1	16.99	16.99		https://www.ama	Arduino, this is the brain
POTENTIOMETER	10k	R1	1	2.9	2.9	https://www.bour	https://www.digil	Used for contrast on LCD
Resistor	220	R2	1		0			Resistor for LCD
Resistor	820	R3	1		0			Resistor for voltage divider with photocell to measure light level
Capacitor	100µ	C4, C5, C6	3	0.23	0.69	http://www.rubyo	https://www.digil	Used on the 12 volt power source before the motor drivers to help with current draw
Capacitor	10µ	C1, C2,C3	3	0.22	0.66	https://media.digi	https://www.digil	Used on the 12 volt power source before the motor drivers to help with current draw. These may not be needed but pads were added so they could be added later if needed.
Fan	Fan	Fan	1	4	4		https://www.ama	40mmx40mmx10mm fan should it be needed to keep motor drivers from heating up to much.
					Total			
					36.134			

Figure 18: This is the bill of materials for the PCB, with links to datasheets, product pages. The bill of materials also lists component's values, name on board, quantities, costs, and other notes on each item. Bill of materials does not include cost of board production, but should be around 8 dollars and some shipping for 5 boards